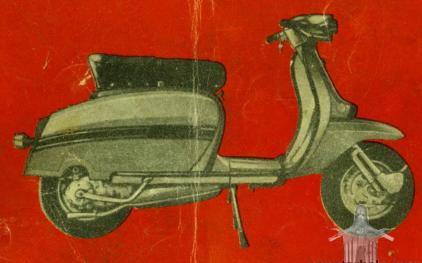


instruction booklet



Scooters India Lived



DL/Grand Prix 200

scooterhelp.com

instruction booklet

welcome to the club

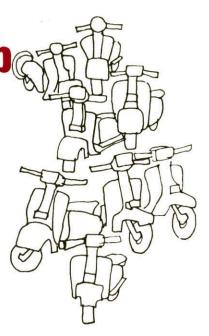
Scooters India Limited wishes you a warm welcome. You picked a winner by getting yourself the Lambretta - the scooter designed with your comfort and economy in mind.

We hope this booklet will help you understand your scooter better and enjoy it through years of happy riding.

We have listed a few simple maintenance steps that will ensure trouble-free performance of your Lambretta

So, without much ado, ride on!

Scooters India Limited Lucknow





your scooter - serialised

Your Lambretta is one of an exclusive series. The frame and engine numbers are stamped as indicated in the pictures (Figs. 1 & 2). These numbers are listed in your Warranty Card and should always be quoted, when asking for spare parts.



Fig. 1

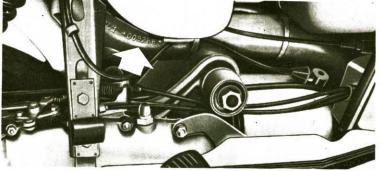
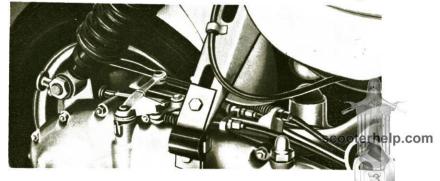


Fig. 2



get to know your lambretta

9 Fuel tap control10 Choke11 Starter pedal12 Rear brake pedal

Throttle Ignition switch Steering lock Front brake lever

Speedometer Clutch control lever Gear change control Head-light switch

vital statistics



Overall length

width

height

Wheel base

Weight (withoutFuel)

Fuel tank capacity

Reserve

Maximum speed

Fuel consumption

(CUNA Specification)

. 1800 mm

680 mm

. 1012 mm

. 1292 mm

. 115 kg

. 8.10 lit

. 0.75 lit

. 110.8 km/hr.

2F.O. 1---11:

25.0 km/lit.

66 mm

Engine

Two stroke, single cylinder. Forced air cooled.

Bore Stroke

Stroke .. 58 mm Capacity .. 198 cc

Compression ratio .. 7.3:1

Max. output at crankshaft .. 11.9 BHP at 6200 RPM

Lubrication .. Petroi finite ple p.com

Starting .. Kick-start pedals

the key to better driving



There is one for the steering lock fitted under the left hand arm of the handlebar, one for the Ignition (and electrical circuit) located at the middle of the handlebar

There is a key for the luggage compartment situated under the central front rib. The key of the steering lock operates this as well.

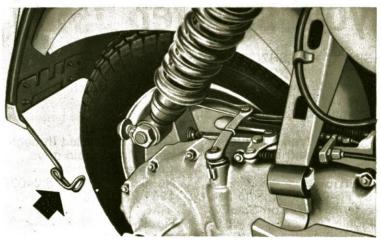
Each key has a number which coincides with its lock.

Ignition key has display of positions like OFF, 1, 2 etc In the position OFF engine can not be started.

—Start engine with key in position 1.

-Rotate the key further to have different light relp.com circuit ON.

Fig. 5



Steering Lock

Turn the handlebar completely to left side and turn the key by half turn to lock the handlebar.

To Open

Reverse operations.

Side Panels

Side Panels are fixed by means of two retaining springs (Fig. 5).

To remove the Side Panels, lift the springs and move them away from the Side Panels.

To assemble, keep the panels on the frame, lift the retaining springs and move towards the panels and engage inner bottom border of the panel. scooterhelp.com

carburettor the heart of your scooter

SH2/22-P1015 SPACO

| Main Jet | 123 |
|--------------|-----|
| Pilot Jet | 45 |
| Starting Jet | 50 |

Cartridge type Air Filter fitted into air intake box

Ignition

By Flywheel Magneto and external H.T. Coil-Spark Plua.

Timing 21° ± 1° before T.D.C. (corresponds to 2.43 ± 0.23 mm before Top Dead Centre) Contact Breaker Point Gap -0.35 to 0.45 mm.

Spark Plug

Approved types: Mico Bosch W 225 T2—Champion N4 — Marelli CW 240L

In tropical climate use spark Mico Bosch W 160 Z2-Forbes-CS.

Gap-0.5 to 0.6 mm.

Clutch

Multi-disc clutch immersed in oil bath.

Transmission

Oil bath immersed through double row chain drive. Chain specification: No. 6.1-DUPLEX IS:2403/ 1969 Pitch 3/8"

Fig. 6



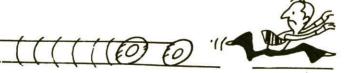
geared to go



Four speed constant mesh gear system in oil bath

| | | Gear Ratio (Rearwheel to Crankshaft) | Gradient | Recommended Gear change speeds | |
|-----|------|--|----------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Gear | 1:13.05 | 40% | 25 km/hr. | |
| 11 | Gear | 1: 9.14 | 28% | 35 km/hr. | |
| 111 | Gear | 1: 6.20 | 18% | 50 km/hr. | |
| IV | Gear | 1: 5.22 | 11% | | |





wheels

Fig. 7



Wheels are interchangeable

Tyres 3.5 × 10 (4 Ply)

Tyre Pressures

Front 18 PSI 1.25 kg/cm²
Rear (Rider only) 28 PSI 2 00 kg/cm²
Rear (with Pillion) 32 PSI scootepts g/cm²

To dismantle wheels, lift the machine on its stand,

To remove the Front Wheel

- —Unscrew the four dome nuts, attaching rim to drum.
- —Unscrew the two nuts holding drum to trailing links.
- -Slip wheel from the trailing links—taking care not to stretch or bend the front brake and speedometer drive cables.

To remove the Rear

- Wheel

 Remove left side panel.
- -Fit the rear wheel lift stand to the lug in the crank case (Fig. 7).
- —Unscrew the four dome nuts and slip the wheel from drum.

CAUTION: DO NOT UN-SCREW THE OTHER FOUR NUTS, WHILE REMOVING FITHER WHEEL.

To remove Tyre from Rims —Remove wheel.

- —Ensure the tyre is fully deflated
- -Unscrew four nuts holding the rims.



| | | Cir- Cir- Cir- Cir- cuit A cuit B cuit C cuit D | ٠ | ٠ | • | • | 1000 |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | Cuit C | • | • | • | • | |
| | | Cir- cuit B | • | • | • | • | |
| 9 | | Cir- cuit A | • | • | • | | |
| 3 | | Base | BA-20d | \$8.5/9.5 | BA 9S | BA 15S | |
| | | Туре | Spherical | Festoon | Cylindrical BA9S | Spherical | |
| | of Bulbs | Character- istics | 6V-25/25W 12V-35/35W | 6V-5W 12V-6W | 12V-2W (or 1:2V-2.5W) | 6V-15W 6V-10W 12V-21W | |
| | tion | No. | - | - | - | 4 | |
| | Position and Specification of Bulbs | Application | Dazzle and Anti-Dazzle | City/Parking Light | Speedometer Light | Turn Signal Light | |
| | Position | Position | Head | Head | Speedo- meter | Turn Signal Lamp | ALL STANDARD IN MALLY |
| | | | | | | | |

Remarks

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| 91/F | | Particu |
| BAY 15 | BA7S | to 34. |
| Spherical BAY15d/19 | Cylindrical BA7S | in pages 30 |
| 6V-5/15W 12V-6/21W | 12V-2W (or 12V-2.5W) | Details of different circuits are given in pages 30 to 34. Particular circuit for your vehicle is stamped "For your Vehicle". |
| - | - | fferen' /ehicle |
| No. Plate and Stop Light | Pearling | 43 |
| Tail LampOS | Handia Bar Tela | elg.com |

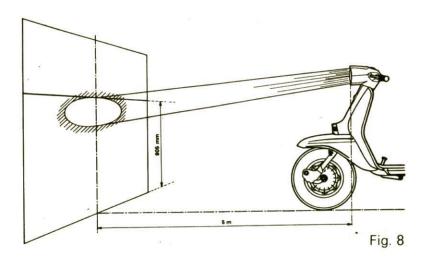
Cylindrical BA7S

12V-2W (or 12V-2.5W)

Pilot for Turn 1 Signal Lamp

Bar Top Handle

Headlamp Adjustment



Check tyre pressure.

Place a vertical screen at right angles to the floor.

Put the scooter under normal load conditions.

Loosen or tighten the screw below the head lamp slowly until the upper edge of the zone illuminated by the dipped beam coincides with the horizontal line traced on the screen,

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with a fuel tank

The cap of the fuel tank is located below the seat (Fig. 9)

To reach the cap

Unlock seat by pressing its rear lift the seat open the lid placed on the central frame rib (Fig. 10).

Fig. 9



Fuel tap
The fuel tap is located on the central rib towards the left under the saddle (Fig. 11).

It has 3 positions:-

- closed (2)open
- (3) reserve.

Fig. 10





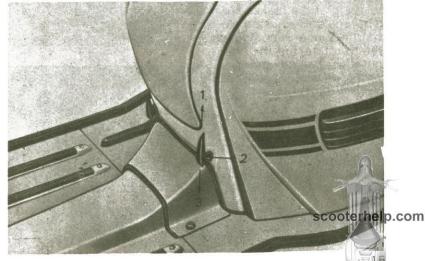
you can go forever

Fuel supply is by gravity.

When the vehicle is stood up, it is recommended to keep the tap in closed position (Position 1—pointed end of tap up). While driving, the tap should be in

open position (Position 2—tap horizontal). When necessary, turn the tap to Position 3 for utilising 0.75 litre of reserve fuel (which is sufficient for driving another 19 kms approximately).

Fig. 11



brake it up!

Expanding type with cable control.

Front brake — Lever on RHS of the handlebar.

Rear brake — Control pedal on RHS of floor board.

Drums — In light alloy, with cooling fins (front) with cast iron brake drum inserts.

Ensure that the brakes are kept regularly adjusted, so that the wheel is completely free to rotate, but the braking effect begins immediately the lever (or pedal) is used.

Adjustment is made by means of two adjuster screws, using the special spanner provided in the tool kit (Figs. 12 & 13).



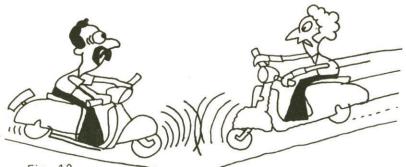


Fig. 12

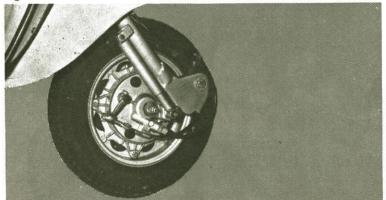
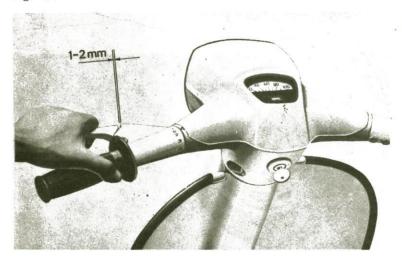


Fig 13



clutch

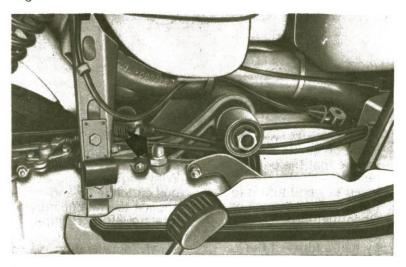
Fig. 14



Multiplate, oil-immersed, driving discs bonded with cork sheets. The clutch is adjusted through a lever and cable mechanism, with the control at the LHS of handlebar. The clutch cable is adjustable at lower end.



Fig. 15

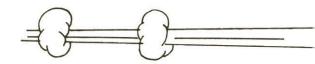


Keep the clutch constantly adjusted, so that it begins to slip when the lever is in the position shown (Fig 14).

Adjustment is carried out by turning the adjuster as shown (Fig. 15). Use the same spanner as for brake adjustment.



up..up..and away



To start

- -Place on centre stand;
- —Ensure that the gear is in neutral:
- —Insert key and turn it to the day-driving position;
- -Open fuel tap;
- —Turn choke control lever by half a turn—if the engine is cold;
- Keeping throttle to minimum, kickstart the machine;
- As soon as engine is running, accelerate slightly to warm up;
- If the choke control lever has been used, return it to original position;
- During cold weather, run the engine a few minutes to warm up before using machine.

To move off

- —Take the machine off its stand:
- With engine ticking over, pull clutch lever and engage the first gear by rotating left twist grip;
- Let clutch lever out slowly, accelerating engine gradually, to maintain constant engine revolutions;
- Continue to accelerate until the correct speed to change to a higher gear is reached.





To change gear

- -Close throttle;
- -Pull clutch lever;
- Engage next gear;Let clutch lever out, accelerating gradually at the same time.

To stop engine

- -Close throttle:
- -Pull clutch lever:
- -Put gear into neutral,
- -Stop engine by turning the key of the switch to vertical position.





During the first 1500 kms.

DOs

DON'Ts

Use a mixture of 4% heavy duty engine oil—SAE 30—and petrol, during and after running-in period or SAE 40, 4% for first 1500 kms. and 2% afterwards.

Check that carburettor is well secured on crank case, so that no air infiltration occurs.

Change oil in the gear box at 750 kms.

Check nuts and bolts for tightness between 500–700 kms.

Exceed the following speeds:

l II III IV Gear Gear Gear Gear

(km/h) 25 35 50 60

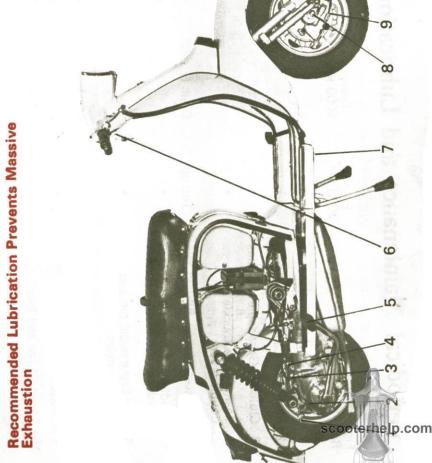
Maintain even these speeds for uninterruptedly long periods.

Accelerate at full throttle.

Overheat the engine.

Climb hills at full throttle.

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.

| on Chart | Grade of Lubrication | Castrolease CL | -op- | -op- | -op- | Castrol ST-90 | Castrolease CL | -op- | Castrolease LM | Castrolease CL | -op- |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---|----------------|---|---|--|-------------------------|---|
| Lubricatio | Every 4000 Km | | | | | Drain & refill | | | | | |
| lance and | Every 2000 Km | • | | | | Top up | • | | | | |
| Periodical Maintenance and Lubrication Chart | Fig. Ref. | 1 Rear brake cable knuckles | 2 Rear brake cam | 3 Clutch & Gear cable knuckles | 4 Gear change knuckles and double lever | 5 Crankcase | 6 Handlebar control levers and knuckles | Rear brake pedal pin and cable knuckles | 80 Front wheel bearings | Ba Front brake knuckles | 105 Speedo drive and front Suspension knuckles |
| 24 | ш. ш. | | | | | | | | A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH | | - |

Castrolease LM Castrolease CL Castrol ST-90 After every overhaul After every overhaul Top up air for every 1,000 kms & change -Clutch control: check and adjust and blowing with low pressure gap between 0.35 and 0.45 mm pad-lubricate with drop of oil electrodes and adjust gap to Breaker Point: clean and set Flywheel magneto Contact Air filter: clean by shaking cylinder head, piston head Reering tube ball bearing Flywheel magneto cam oil Cont suspension springs -Check brake adjustments Decarbonising: cylinder, -Check spark plug, clean filter every 6,000 Km and silencer 0.5-0.6 mm

| ISe | BURMAH SHELL | X—100 30 | X—100 40 | Retinax CD | Dentax 90 | Retinax A |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|---|
| equivalents for oils & grease | CASTROL | Castrol XL 30 | Castrol XL 40 | Castrolease CL | Castrol ST 90 | Castrolease LM (All pur- pose) |
| ils & | GULF | Gulflube M. O. 30 | Gulflube M. O. 40 | 1 | Gulf Trans- mission Oil 90 | Gulflex A (Multi- purpose) |
| or o | TIDE WATER | Veedol Medium | Veedol Medium Hy. Veedol Adelbus 40 | Veedol V. C. Grease | Veedol Trans- gear 90 | Veedol all purpose |
| nts f | ESSO | ESSO Motor Oil 30 | ESSO Motor Oil 40 | ESSO Chassis Grease H | ESSO Gear Oil ST-90 | ESSO Multi- Veedol all purpose purpose Grease H |
| ivale | CALTEX | RPM Motor Oil SAE 30 HD | RPM Motor Oii SAE-40 HD | Marfak 0 Marfak 00 | Thuban 90 | Multifak 2 |
| edn | | SAE 30 Heavy Duty Engine Oil | SAE 40 Heavy Duty Engine Oil | Chassis Grease | io la secondario de la | Multi-purpose mogrease |
| 26 | | - : | 5. | 3 | 4 | , 20, |



the lambretta mothballed

—Wash engine with petroil using a brush. Dry with clean rags.

 Wash painted and plastic parts with water using sponge.

 Dry with chamois leather Do not use petrol or kerosene; otherwise damage will result.

—When washing with water jet, protect the air suction hose under the seat to avoid water entering suction box and filter cartridge.

How to mothball your machine

(when not in use for some time)

- —Wash and dry carefully as above.
- Drain all petrol from tank and carburettor
- Clean tank and carburettor filters.
- Unscrew spark plug, insert a few drops of engine oil, rotate engine by hand two or three times to ensure a protective oil film on cylinder barrel. Replace spark plug.

 Coat with anti-rust grease all unplated parts.

- Lift machine off the ground by placing blocks carefully under frame so that tyres should not touch the floor. scooterhelp.com
- -Clean and deflate tyres
- -Cover machine.

fault finding

Engine fails to start or stops instantly

Irregular flow of fuel to the carburettor

Flooded carburettor

Clean fuel lines and filters Clean out jets

Close fuel tap—open throttle and endeavour to kickstart or unscrew and dry out spark plug. Replace plug and kickstart the engine

Damaged carburettor jet

Get it replaced at our authorised service station

Ignition faults If current is reaching H.T. Lead

Dirty spark plug Unscrew and clean Electrodes unadjusted or worn Adjust to 0.5 ÷ 0.6 mm Raulty spark plug Replace with new one

If current is not reaching H.T. Lead

Contact Breaker Points faulty. Flywheel magneto or H.T. Coil circuits shorting

Take machins cooterhelp.com authorised service station

Engine knocking

Pre-ignition

Excess Carbon Deposits

Engine misfires
Irregular flow of fuel to the
carburettor
Spark plug electrode gap too
wide
Dirty spark plug

Contact Breaker Points dirty or not adjusted

Explosion in carburettorPre-ignition due to overheating of spark plug

Carbon deposits on spark plug

Loss of power or overheating

Weak mixture

Incorrect timing

Exhaust port or silencer partially obstructed Cylinder head leakage Replace with correct fuel mixture

Take machine to our authorised service station to adjust flywheel magneto timing

Decarbonize cylinder head

Check and clean out fuel passages
Adjust to correct gap (0.5÷ 0.6 mm)
Unscrew and clean spark plug
Clean and adjust gap

Change spark plug for one

Clean out spark plug

of a higher heat range

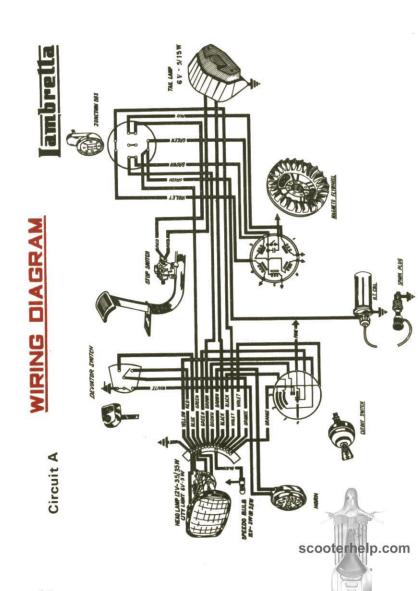
between points

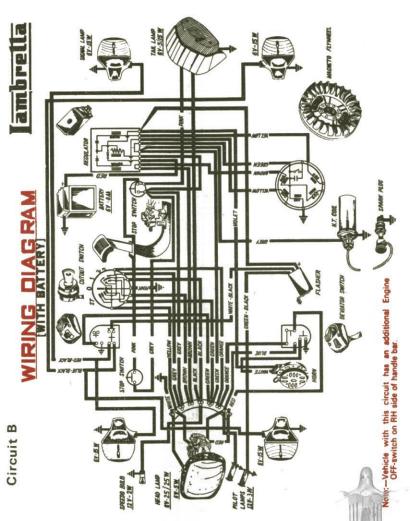
Adjust by closing slightly the carburettor air screw

Adjust timing. Take machine to our authorised service station

Clean the port and silencer

Tighten cylinder READ terrelp.com and replace gasket, if necessary

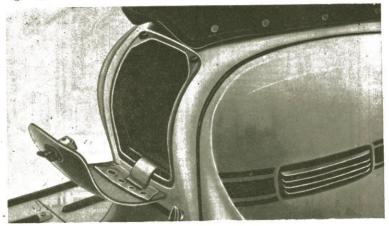




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tool box

Fig. 18



The tool box is fitted into the central frame rib under the front part of the seat.

In the luggage box, a tool kit is supplied consisting of—

- 1 Double-ended box spanner 21–13 mm for the spark plug and wheel nuts
- 1 Hexagon Allen Key (10 mm) for the plugs of crank case
- 1 Double-ended spanner 8–10 mm
- 1 Screwdriver
- 1 Rear wheeldiffier helpdom

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Scooters India Limited

Sarojini Nagar P. O., Lucknow-226008, India

Telex No. 033-267, Cable; Silcar

scooterhelp.com

Printed at Prak (agers 257-Golagen), Lu Mandia)